

March 10, 2020

The Honorable Roy Blunt Chair Subcommittee on Labor, HHS, Education & Related Agencies U.S. Senate Appropriations Committee 136 Dirksen Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510

The Honorable Rosa DeLauro Chair Subcommittee on Labor, HHS, Education & Related Agencies U.S. House Appropriations Committee 2358 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Patty Murray Ranking Member Subcommittee on Labor, HHS, Education & Related Agencies U.S. Senate Appropriations Committee 156 Dirksen Senate Office Building Washington, D.C. 20510

The Honorable Tom Cole Ranking Member Subcommittee on Labor, HHS, Education and Related Agencies U.S. House Appropriations Committee 1016 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Re: FY 2021 Appropriations Recommendations Related to Strengthening the Addiction Service Workforce

Dear Chair Blunt, Ranking Member Murray, Chair DeLauro, and Ranking Member Cole,

The undersigned mental health, substance use disorder, and health care professional organizations in the Coalition to Stop Opioid Overdose (CSOO) are writing today to urge your support for the *increased* funding of important addiction prevention, treatment, harm reduction, and recovery support programs aimed at strengthening the addiction service workforce in Fiscal Year 2021. CSOO is a coalition of diverse organizations representing health care and social service professionals and advocates united around common policy goals that will lead to meaningful and comprehensive policies to reduce opioid overdose deaths.

An estimated 21.2 million Americans aged 12 or over needed treatment for substance use disorder (SUD) in 2018, but only about 3.7 million Americans aged 12 or over received any form of treatment for SUD.¹ Without certain strategic investments, this gap will never close and many more lives will be lost. Critical funding is now needed to increase the ranks of a qualified, well-trained SUD workforce and increase equitable access to evidence-based prevention, treatment, harm reduction, and recovery support services.

Building a robust SUD workforce is critical and should be a cornerstone of any federal response to the opioid overdose epidemic. In its 2017 report, the President's Commission on Combating Drug Addiction and the Opioid Crisis stated: "Adequate resources are needed to recruit and increase the number of addiction-trained psychiatrists and other physicians, nurses, psychologists, social workers, physician assistants, and community health workers and facilitate deployment in needed regions and facilities." The 2020 National Drug Control Strategy echoes this workforce need citing "[a]dditional efforts must be made to build an addiction medicine



infrastructure and expand the addiction profession and peer recovery support services workforces."² Without a stronger SUD workforce, far too many people seeking remission and recovery from addiction will continue to lack access to care.

The programs detailed in our attached document of appropriations recommendations support CSOO's mission to reduce opioid overdose deaths by increasing the addiction treatment workforce, bolstering prevention and harm reduction efforts that help reduce the negative health consequences of drug use, and increasing access to high-quality treatment and support services. By advancing sustainable, comprehensive public policies and expanding federal investment throughout our health care system for SUD, we will move closer to a future where all Americans living with addiction receive the high-quality care they need and deserve. To this end, as you consider how best to appropriate federal funding for FY21, the undersigned members of the Coalition to Stop Opioid Overdose respectfully request that you incorporate the attached recommendations related to strengthening the addiction service workforce into the FY21 Labor-HHS appropriations bill.

Sincerely,

Addiction Professionals of North Carolina American College of Emergency Physicians American Osteopathic Academy of Addiction Medicine American Psychiatric Association American Society of Addiction Medicine CADA of Northwest Louisiana California Consortium of Addiction Programs & Providers Center on Addiction **Connecticut Certification Board** Faces & Voices of Recovery International Certification & Reciprocity Consortium National Alliance of State & Territorial AIDS Directors (NASTAD) National Association for Behavioral Healthcare National Council for Behavioral Health National Safety Council SMART Recovery Shatterproof The Kennedy Forum Young People in Recovery

¹ Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. (2019). Key substance use and mental health indicators in the United States: Results from the 2018 National Survey on Drug Use and Health (HHS Publication No. PEP19-5068, NSDUH Series H-54). Rockville, MD: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Retrieved from https://www.samhsa.gov/data/

² United States. Office of National Drug Control Policy. "National Drug Control Strategy." (2020)



FY 2021 Appropriations Recommendations Related to Strengthening the Addiction Service Workforce

Program	Agency	FY20 Enacted	FY21 Recommendation
Loan Repayment Program for Substance Use Disorder Treatment Workforce (authorized in Section 7071 of the SUPPORT Act)	Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA)	\$12 million	\$25 million
Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder Workforce Training Program (authorized in Section 9022 of the 21 st Century CURES Act)	HRSA	\$26.7 million	\$30 million
Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinics (CCBHCs) Expansion Grants	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)	\$200 million	\$250 million
Building Communities of Recovery (BCOR)	SAMHSA	\$8 million	\$10 million
Program to Support Coordination and Continuation of Care for Drug Overdose Patients (authorized in Section 7081 of the SUPPORT Act)	SAMHSA	\$4 million	\$10 million
Emergency Department Alternatives to Opioids Demonstration Program (authorized in Section 7091 of the SUPPORT Act)	SAMHSA	\$5 million	\$10 million
Support for enforcement of the Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008	Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA)	N/A	\$15 million